DE COME GROSS FALSEHOODS AND PERJURIES.

ERBARING HIS SILENCE ON PERSONAL AFFAIRS TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF WORKINGMEN TO THE MALICE OF ATTACKS PAID FOR OUT OF DEMOCRATIC FUNDS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] apolis, Oct. 25.—Of the many remarkable lemonstrations in Indianapolis in the last four oaths, none has been more significant than that of the workingmen of the Hoosier State to-day. Two ago it was determined on the suggestion of some of the leading Knights of Labor, who have been prominent in the campaign that so far as it might be in the control of the party managers, the workingof the State should have the desired opportunity for showing their friendly feeling for General Harrisen. The management of the affair was left entirely to the workingmen, and the arrangements for the nstration were made by Charles S. Litchman, R. D. Layton and Eccles Robinson. It was determined that it should be a holiday for Republican In many of the manufactories of the city work was suspended for the day and in others the employes were allowed a half holiday. Delegations from the neighboring towns. The parade was notable for its singular character. It looked more like an industrial display than a political demon-

The line of march led through the principal streets out to General Harrison's house, and accompanied by Charles H. Litchman and R. D. Layton, the General rode between the lines to Tomlinson Hall. Ite was cheered continuously along the route by the workingmen in the procession and by the thousands of people

in the streets. It was in Tomlinson Hall, however, that the enthusiasm of the people reached a climax. The hall was filled with working people. On the stage sat the most prominent representatives, with a number of gentle-men of distinction, among them Congressman McKinley, Senator Blair and Senator Spooner. Mrs. Harri-son and several of her lady friends occupied seats upon the stage. When General Harrison entered the hall, he was greeted with tremendous cheers and the waving of handkerchiefs and hats. The demonstration continued for several minutes before it was possi-ble for a speaker to be heard. When the uproar subsided, L. W. McDaniel, an Indianapolis printer, as the chosen spokesman of the working people, briefly addressed General Harrison. He said that the workingmen of Indianapolis repudlated the authority of a few to speak for them, and then denounced in strong language the men who are travelling over the country slandering the Republican candidate for President. never had any other than the kindliest feeling for Senate on legislation affecting labor was proof sufficient of his friendship for the working people." In introducing the General, the speaker assured him of the confidence of the wage earners, and pledged their best endeavors to secure his election. When General Harrison, in his response, definitely referred for the first time to the maliciously false accusations ast him, he was interrupted by a great uproar of applause lasting fully two minutes, and when he spoke the slanders as " not a perversion of the truth," but false creations," the demonstration was renewed, with loud cries from the audience: " We know they are

Mr. McDaniels and my Friends: I have seen during this busy summer many carnest and demonstrative as semblages of my fellow-citizens, I have listened to many adresses full of the kindest expressions toward me personally; but among them all, none has been more grateful to me, none has more deeply touched me than this words which have been addressed to me in half. (Great cheering.) There are reasons why your behalf. this should be so that will readily occur to your minds, and to some of which Mr. McDaniels has alluded. Early In this campaign certain people, claiming to speak for the laboring men but really in the employ of the Democratte campaign managers, promulgated through the newsers and by campaign publications, that were not given papers and by campaign particular the open indersement of the Democratic campaign managers, but were paid for by their funds and circulated under their auspices, a number of false and scandalous he said at Rochester. I will wait and sec. (Great and prolonged cheering.)

The purpose of all these stories was to poison the minds the workingmen against the candidate of the party that stands in this compaign for the principle of projection to American labor. (Great cheering.) I have only once, in all of the addresses I have made to my fellow-citizens, alluded to these malicious and scandalous stories; but, now, and in presence of this great gathering of workingmen. I do pronounce them to be utterly false. (Cheering, waving of flage and banners continued for several minutes.) The story that I ever said that el a day was enough for a story that I ever said that a decompaniments and appendages (A voice: "I knew it was a lie"), is not a perversion of (A voice: I ame it is a false creation. (Eathusinstic anything I said; it is a false creation. (Eathusinstic cheers.) I will not follow in detail this long catalogue of them are now enrolling themselves on the side of the of them are now enrolling themselves on the side of the protection of American labor. This created the necessity for the story, (Cheers.) I want to say again that those who pitch a campaign upon so low a level greatly underestimate the intelligence, the sense of decency and the love of fair play of the American people. (Prolonged cheering.) I said to one of the first delegations that visited me that this was a contest of great story that it would be fought out upon the high principles, that it would be fought out upon the high plains of truth, and not in the swamps of slander and defamation. (Cheers.) Those who will encamp their army in this swamp will abandon the victory to the army

that is on the heights. (Cheers.)

The Republican party stands to day as the bulwark and defence of the wage-carners of this country against a competition which may reduce American wages even competition the standard they faisely impute to my suggestion (Cheers.) There are two very plain facts that I have often stated-and others more forcibly than I-that it seems to me should be conclusive with the wage-earners seems to me should be conclusive with the wage-earners of America. The policy of the Democratic party—the revision of our tariff laws as indicated by the Democratic party, a revenue-only tariff, or progressive free tradeparty, a revenue-only tarin, or progressive fred trade-means a vast and sudden increase of importations. (Pro-lenged cheering.) Is there a man here so dull as not to know that this means diminished work in our American aheps? (Cheers and cries of "No, no.") If some one says that labor is not fully employed now, do you hope it says that labor is not fully employed when you have transferred will be more fully employed when you have transferred one-third of the work done in our shops to foreign work-shops? (Cries of "No. no.")

If some one tells me that labor is not sufficiently re-

If some one tells me that labor is not sufficiently re-warded here, does he hope to have its rewards increased by striking down our protective duties and compelling our workmen to compete with the underpaid labor of Europe, (Cheers.) I conclude by saying that less work and lower wages are the inevitable result of the triumph of the employees advocated by the Democratic pasts. (Cheers.) principles advocated by the Democratic party. (Cheers.) And now you will excuse further speech from me. (Crice of "Go on!") There are here several distinguished of "Go on!") There are here several distinguished advocates of Republican principles. You will be permitted to hear now, I understand, from the Hon. Henry W. Blaff, a Senator from the State of New-Hampshire, who has been so long at the head of the Committee on Education and Labor in the United States Senate, and to-night in this hall you will be permitted to listen to the Hon. William McKinley, ir., of Ohio. (Cheers.)

Now will you allow me again to thank you out of a full heart for this cordial tender of your confidence and respect. I felt that in return I could not omit to say what I have said, not because you needed to be assured of

respect. I feit that in return I could not omit to say what I have said, not because you needed to be assured of my friendliness, but in recognition of a confidence that falsehood and slander could not shake. I have not thought it in good taste to make many personal references in my public addresses. If any one thinks it necessary that a comparison should be instituted between the candidates of the two great parties as to their friendliness to the reforms demanded by organized labor. I must leave others to make it. (Great cheering.)

The excitement occasioned by the personal nature of the subjects dealt with by General Harrison con-

of the subjects dealt with by General Harrison con-tinued to pervade the audience several moments after his departure, and hundreds followed him out of the hall and cheered vociferously as he stepped into the carriage with Major McKinley and was driven home. After General Harrison's departure, Senator Dlair delivered a long address on the subjects of labor atu, education. In the evening he and Major McKinley and Senator Spooner were the guests of General Har-rison at tea. Among Mrs. Harrison's callers to-day was Mrs. Thomas A. Hendricks, widow of the late Vice-President.

SANGUINE VIEWS OF GENERAL ALGER. Ishpeming, Mich., Oct. 25 (Special).—General Russell A. Alger says: "My two trips through the Upper Peninsula have convinced me that that region will give 6,000 majority for the Republican State and National ticket. Stephenson will surely be elected to Congress, and, I think, Republicans can elect every Congressman in the State. Baker, in the 1st District, may in both branches of the Legislature. Palmer hasn't the gnost of a show of being elected Governor of Illinois. The other Western States claimed as doubtful by Democrats are surely Republican. He considered Indians safe for a small Republican majority. He thinks that State pride in Harrison and many accessions from Democratic ranks place the State beyond doubt.

by Tammany Hall and in the other Alderman Quinn, by the County Democracy. The latter organization will not indorse Spinola and Tammany Hall says it will not support Quinn nor withdraw its candidate in the other district. If tival Democratic candidates are run in these IRRESPECTIVE OF PARTY. districts the Republicans stand a good chance of carrying three of the eight Congress Districts.

HILL REPLYING TO BLAINE. THE ROCHESTER SPEECH TOUCHED A RAW

SPOT.

ANOTHER SPEECH ON MR. BLAINE PROMISED BY THE GOVERNOR-SPEAKING AT

HIS BIRTHPLACE. Watkins Depot, N. Y., Oct. 25 .- The County of Schuyler, the birthplace of Governor Hill, was all alive to-day. The Corerner arrived at 2:30 p. m. and as escorted by the Democratic clubs and citizens of Elmira, to the number of nearly a thousand, to the park, where a stand had been erected, and the people had assembled in numbers, filling the park from street Alluding to Mr. Blaine's remarks in to street.

Rochester, the Governor said: I observe that Mr. Blaine in his speech in Rochester saw fit to refer to what I had said in Indiana in relation to the provisions of the Mills bill as they affeet baggage of persons coming into the country. It is true that I incidentally and good-humoredly ferred to the rumor in the public press that Mr. Blaine had brought with him on his recent trip from England thirty-three trunks of personal baggage, which had been admitted free from duty. After waiting nearly two weeks he offers an explanation. Why he did not reply to what I said while he was in Indiana cannot be accounted for, except from the fact that he feared that he could not get justice in that You will recollect that he once said that he had no confidence in the people of Indiana, and did not want a verdict at their hands. Hence he prefers to delay his explanation until he reaches New-York State. He corrects my statement by asserting that there were 22 trunks instead of 33. I accept the correction and modify my statement accordingly. He insists, however, that the question as to whether he paid any duty on his baggage is a private affair of his own-a sort of trust, with which neither the people nor myself have anything whatever to do. to remind him that he has himself said that the tariff question was the great question of the hour and the people are naturally anxious to know whether the great advocate of high protective tariff practises what he preaches. He has given to the people a partial inventory of his effects, and among other things he brought with him are his family photographs and he kindly offers to give one of them to me for exhibition at the county fairs which I occasionally I appreciate his great kindness, but I assure The workingmen of Indianapolis," he said, "have him that I have no use for them. The people of this State prefer that he should exhibit them himself General Harrison. His record while a member of in the more congenial climate of the State of Maine. Mr. Blaine's outburst of generosity at Rochester

and his attempt as sarcasm show that he is not entirely satisfied with his Western trip. He has evidently returned ill-natured and in bad temper. He says that in Indiana the people speak with great plainness. For once I agree with him. Not only the people, but some of the newspapers, and particularly that reliable Democratic journal, "The Indianapolis Sentinel," sometimes speak very plainly, as Mr. Blaine has had occasion to recollect. Mr. Blaine further alleged that I misapprehended the character of the ship in which he sailed to this coun try, and he seems to think it necessary that he should inform the public that there are some American stockholders who own stock in that vessel. This may be so, but the fact remains that it was nevertheless a registered British ship, and that it floated the British flag. Mr. Morton, at the time of his neminagreat assemblage of the workingmen of Indiana, and tion, was a stockholder and director in a Canadian railroad, but, nevertheless, that did not make the

railroad any the less a Canadian railroad. Mr. Blaine seems to be very sensitive about his personal relations to the tariff question. As a public speaker in this canvass he cannot expect to escape criticism. I shall take occasion hereafter to allude to this subject again, but that is all I will say to-day. Possibly Mr. Blaine may have been inaccurately reported and by this time he may have retracted what

MILLS'S PARTISANS PANIC-STRICKEN. PROSPECT OF HIS DEFEAT-A RESORT TO DES-

PERATE AND UNLAWFUL MEASURES. Washington, Oct. 25 (Special).-Trustworthy information received here from the IXth Texas District shows that the partisans of "Premier" Mills are in a state of extreme alarm over the prospect of his defeat. One prominent and influential Democrat after another has pronounced in favor of Jones, the Independent candidate, who is making a gallant fight, and Mills's supporters are resorting to desperate measures to defeat his opponent. The Independent Committee in Nevarro County has issued an address warning of campaign standers, but will only add that it is equally farmers to be on their guard and setting forth that is a county which gave Mills some 1,500 majority two

is a county which gave Mills some 1,500 majority two years ago, but free trade and free wool have made it doubtful and for the first time in its history money has been raised to corrupt the ballot-box. The fact that Corsicana is the home of Mills, who has been dubbed the "Sage of Corsicana," makes this extract from the address referred to peculiarly interesting:

Now citizens of the People's party. You have no money, but you have eyes. Your committee know the names of each colored man who has been bought and sent among his people to persuade them. When any of these come into the neighborhood find out who he calks to and what he says. They have become so hold in Corsicana that only night before last they tried to buy one of the colored leaders, who, like an honorable man, spurmed the offer, and told the colored money and told the colored money. A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffler, Joseph R. Duryca, Gilbert H. Gregory, A. F. Schauffl

The penal statutes of Texas which the committee

proposes to invoke are as follows: 1; now person shall furnish money to another for the purpose of promoting the success of defeat of any particular candidate he shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$200. If any person shall offer or give a bribe to any person for the purpose of inducing him to persuade or procure persons to vote at any public election for or against any

persons to vote at any public vector in any particular candidate, the person so giving and the person so accepting shall be fined not exceeding \$200.

If any person shall bribe or offer to bribe any elector, for the purpose of influencing his vote at any public elector, he shall be punished by a fine not exceeding

If the voter accepts the bribe he shall be punished in

the same mannet.
So it seems that while the free-trade chairman of the Ways and Means Committee is busy trying to mis-represent the provisions and intent of the "Dark Lantern" bill and to teach free, intelligent workingmen in the North their duties, his partisans in Texas are raising money and trying to corrupt voters, in order that he may retain a seat in Congress and continue to exert his influence in behalf of foreign manufacturers and against home labor and home

THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE. ALL WERE IN THE CITY YESTERDAY - THEY

BRING GOOD TIDINGS FROM THEIR DISTRICTS. Every member of the Republican State Committee was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday afternoon, where they met and exchanged views concerning affairs in the various counties of the State. There were present Richard C. McCormick, who represents Richmond, Suffolk and Queens Counties; Israel Fischer, William Ray, Stephen V. White, and Edgar E. Griffits. who represents Kings County; John W. Jacobes, Cornelius Van Cott, John Simpson, John R. Nugent, Clarence W. Meade, Solon B. Smith and Charles F. Bruder, who have this county in charge; James W. Husted, of Westchester County; Benjamin B. Odell, jr., who of Westchester County; Benjamid B. Gert, Jr., wao represents Orange, Rochland and Sullivan Counties; Robert H. Hunt, of Putnam, Dutchess and Columbia Counties; James G. Lindsley, of Ulster, Greene and Delaware Counties; John A. Quackenbush, of Rensselaer and Washington Countles; George Campbell, of Albany County; Edgar T. Brackett, of Sarafoga, Schenectady and Montgomery Countles; John II. Weaver, of Chnton, Essex, Warren and Franklin Counties; Joseph Mullin, of St. Lawrence and Jeffer son Counties; Charles A. Chickering, of Oncida and Lewis Counties; Albert S. Mills, of Otsego, Schoharie and Herkimer Counties; Joseph E. Eggieston, of Onondaga and Cortland Countles; George W. Dunn, of Madison, Chenango, Broome and Tioga Counties; Genhave a close run, but Ford and Tarsney are beaten.

Michigan, at the least calculation, will give 6,000 to 8,000 majority. There will also be Republican gains Schuyler and Seneca Counties; William L. Parkhurst, B. of Onlario, Steuben and Yates Counties; George W Aldridge, of Monroe; Marcus H. Phillips, of Livinghois. The other Western States claimed as doubtful by Democrats are surely Republican. He considured Indiana safe for a small Republican majority. He thinks that State pride in Harrison and many accessions from Democratic ranks place the State beyond doubt.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR REPUBLICANS.

It looks as though the Republicans would have a fair thance of carrying the Xth and XIth Congress Discounts. In the former F. B. Spinols has been nominated

IRRESPECTIVE OF PARTY.

A STRONG CIRCULAR ISSUED BY REPRESENTA-TIVE CLERGYMEN SHOWING HOW - TEACH-ERS OF PUBLIC MORALS" REGARD HILL, THE CHAMPION OF THE DRAM-SHOP, AND MILLER, THE FRIEND OF

"MORAL AND POLITI-CAL REFORM."

The Tribune has from time to time published the protests of the leading clergymen of New-York against the possible election of David B. Hill, the champion and tool of the rum power. Their feelings of contempt and disgust for him have been expressed in no uncertain tone. Among those already on record publicly as opposed to the principles and policy which Hill represents were such representative leaders of thought and morals as Ensign McChesney (Methodist), Robert Collyer (Unitarian), Charles H. Eaton (Universalist), Robert S. MacArthur (Baptist), William R. Hunt-ington (Protestant Episcopal), Samuel H. Virgin (Congregational), John R. Paxton (Presbyterian),

and many others of equal reputation and ability. Those interviews were gathered by Tribune reporters, and they served to show the deep feeling among the ministers against the election of Hill. That feeling is widespread, and has resulted in the issuance of what is considered one of the most remarkable documents ever put forth in the political annals of the country. The clergymen themselves, realizing the full importance of the issues at stake, have spontaneously issued an appeal to the citizens of the State of New-York, in which they, as " teachers of public morals, and under a solemn conviction of duty," call upon the people without respect to party to support Warner Miller in the approaching election. Their reasons for taking this remark able step are given and they are not such as can be able step are given and they are not such as can be misunderstood. The appeal is signed by 229 representative clergymen of the various religious denominations. The Presbyterians are represented in part by the Rev. Drs. Parkhurst, Robinson and Rossiter: the Baptists, by Drs. MacArthur and Armitage; the Methodists, by Dr. McCabe, secretary of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, and Dr. A. J. Palmer, presiding elder of the New-York district; the Roman Catholic, by the Rev. Father Harry C. Macdowall; Congregationalists, by Drs. Robert R. Meredith and Lyman Abbott; Protestant Episcopalians, by Drs. Rainsford and Lindsay Parker; the Independents, by Drs. Roderick Terry and A. E. Kittredge, the Hebrews, by Rabbi F. De Sola Mendez.

It will be remembered that Colonel John F. Gaynor, a member of Governor Hill's staff, who, it may certainly be supposed, represents the Governor, said: "I tell you what, I would rather have saloons behind me in politics any time, than churches." What is published herewith with the previous interviews will show without any shadow of doubt that Colonel Gaynor's chief will have the lines drawn exactly as desired in that remark. The following is the appeal, with the names of the clergymen appended:

New-York, Oct. 18, 1888. The appeal is signed by 229 misunderstood.

The following is the appeal, with the names the clergymen appended: New-York, Oct. 18, 1888. CLERGYMEN'S APPEAL

CITIZENS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK. Never in the history of this State have the moral issues been more sharply drawn than at the present time. Therefore, we clergymen, citizens of New-York, who by their office are charged with the responsibility of being teachers of public morals, under a solemn conviction of duty, beg leave to call the attention of the people to the following First-Governor D. B. Hill, a candidate for the office of

Second-He secured that support by being the avowed that politics had a good deal to do with it. opponent of all restrictive legislation, vetoing the acts of the Legislature on that subject, including that by which it was attempted to banish the sale of liquors from the Capitol and public buildings of the State.

Third-He has opposed by the use of his veto all at-tempts to purify and keep inviolate the hallot, and by itterances and official acts, allied himself with the most dangerous and lawless elements of the Commonwealth, showing by his utterances and acts his alliance of the Church, morality and good order.

Fourth-Opposed to this champion of the dram shop we have presented to us the Hon. Warner Miller as a candidate for the office of Chief Executive, who, in his personal character and by his repeated public declarations has placed himself unequivocally on the side of moral and political reform, while his private character and public life

arrayed against him.

of campaign standers, but will only an that only an the cause of temporal false that anywhere, or at any time. I spoke disparagingly a fund of \$1,800 has been raised in that county alone good citizens who are in sympathy with the cause of temporal false. He also struck the driver of one of the carbon for my fellow citizens of Irish nativity or descent. Many to bribe voters to cast their ballots for Mills. This of political affiliation, to give office of Governor of the State of New-York.

Dwight M. Hodge, J. Stanley D'Orsay, Joachim Elmendorf, Jesse F. Fothes, Robert M. Stratton, Julius W. Geyer, Harry E. Macdowall, G. B. Dusinberrs G. B. Dustnbern Edwin A. Blake, Edwin A. Blake, George Shipman Payson, Edward B. Sprague, H. C. Masten, N. O. Lent, James W. Macomber, George H. Smith, Theodore C. Williams, William H. Peters, William Platts, Charles Townsend, Flekis Hermance William Platts,
Charles Townsend,
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Frank J. Beicher,
Frederick Stichler,
D. W. Gates,
D. W. Gates,
David Meckartney,
N. S. Tuthili,
William R. Webster
James H. Hoadley,
Charles S. Wing,
A. C. Morchouse,
John W. Simpson,
William T. Hill,
John W. Maynard,
Renjamin A. Gilman,
C. G. Deming,
Thomas A. Griffin,
W. R. Benham,
Joseph K. Dixon,
O. D. Ramsay,
R. H. Kelley,
S. Merchant,
A. V. Barber,
O. P. Dales,
Charles C. Miller,
Orville Van Keuren,
J. P. Burger,
Robert Hunt,
James M. Yeager,
John M. Accomple Lyman Roderick Terry, Anson P. Atterbury O. H. Warren, Isaac S. Bingham, Theodore L. Cuyler, R. heoer wion, Thomas A. hitage, J. F. Elder, C. D. W. Bridgeman, George A. Hall, W. C. Bitting, Benjamin M. Adams, A. Hair David V. A. D. Sproull,
R. D. Sproull,
Merritt Hulburd,
C. P. Masden,
S. Hunt,
John Rhey Thompson,
George P. Mains,
William N. Searles,
George E. Strobridge,
George E. Strobridge, J. B. Merwin.
Thomas H. Birch,
J. E. Gorse,
C. Wright,
E. S. Osbon,
Wellesley W. Bowdish,
Daniel O. Forris,
James S. Chadwick,
J. Y. Bates,
George G. Saxe,
George G. Saxe, James M. Yeager James M. Yeager,
John W. Ackerly,
Peter C. Oahley,
Stephen F. White,
Frank D. Abrams,
George W. Knapp,
E. E. Pinney,
George J. Mingins,
E. H. Van Winkle,
George H. Goodsell,
C. W. Millard,
E. S. Parlington,
Charles E. Miller,
J. E. Smith,
Arvine C. Howdish,
John G. Oakley,
William T. Fray, leorge G. Sa., J. S. Whedon, J. S. Whedon, Malcolm Stamp L. C. H. Adams Joseph J. Lamp George Hollis, F. Coppingham E. Condingham.
Sanfori I. Ferguson,
J. V. Fenham,
J. E. Searles,
James V. Saunders,
John H. Oerler,
George C. Baldwin,
Andrew Schriver,
Alex, H. Ferguson, William T. Pray, harles C. Lasby, Thomas Lodge, Lugene R. Smith, A. Sanford, Horace W. Evenes Horace W. Byrnes, Samuel McKean, John Rowe, Oscar Ha lliam H. Lawrence J. Chester Hoyt. Walter A. Chadwick, Seymour Van Deusen Thomas L. Poulson, William E. Ketcham, H. Schwaller ewton Perkins Phillip Germone Thomas Elliott, B. T. Abbott, Tavid Ginson,
L. M. Pegg,
W. Warner Giles,
A. H. Harshaw,
John W. Sanborn,
G. F. Nelson,
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George Dunbar,
E. K. Fanning,
S. G. Keyser,
John Le Grand Ketcham,
C. W. Rowley,
Charles R. Snedeker,
Richard L. Shurter,
L. B. Scutt,
Hiram Champies

David Heroy, S. P. Gallaway, Ananias Ackerly

I. C. Barnhart

Thomas D. Littlewood,
William H. Rarton.
Hichard H. Travis,
Edward L. Clark,
Louis Wolferz,
A. J. Derbyshire,
G. Hutchinson Smyth,
J. Seblegy,

A. J. Derbyshire.
G. Hutchinson Smyth,
J. Schlegel.
Talbot W. Chambers.
Frederick C. Erhardt.

Richard Wheatly, Harvey E. Burnes, David G. Wylle,

B. Scutt. Hiram Champion, hn W. Birkins,

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osiah Tetley,
F. Wood,
S. Scott,
T. Langlois,
K. Wardle,
F. Dumkerke,
H. Evans,
Lovett,

A. Lovett,
Charles D. Hills
L. Champlin,
T. E. Sweetman,
Azza Hill,
David Taylor,
E. H. Powell,
Brady E. Backus,
Charles S. Robins
George Stillman,

NEWS FROM THE SUBURBS.

EXHIBITING THE NEW PHONOGRAPH. The first public exhibition in this Edison's improved phonograph took place last evening in the 3d Battalion armory, at Orange, where a fair Edison sent one of his latest instruments, in charge of C. E. Nestor, one of his expert electricians, and the little talking machine was the centre of an excited and interested group all the evening. The cylinders that were exhibited had on them a brass band selection, a piano solo, an imitation of the insane ravings of John McCullough, Mr. Edison's account of his trip around the world, a soprano solo by Miss Effic Stewart and the song, "It's English, You Know." The exhibition was a marked success and one of the features of the fair.

A GOOD MATCH AT CLAREMONT. Yesterday's pleasant weather and light wind were an agreeable change for the sportsmen who had gone to Claremont, N. J., to try their skill on live birds. Some good scores were made, partly owing to the favorable conditions and partly to the fact that some of the birds provided by the management were not quite so good risers as desired, a few of them even refusing to fly after being thrown from the trap, a circumstance much deplored by the sportsmen. The chief contest of the day was a sweepstakes, oper all, at twenty-five live birds under tournament rules, seventeen contestants entering. The scores made during the progress of this number of the programme were good, only one of the shooters hitting less than twenty birds, while another withdrew. C. W. Budd and W. Squire tied for first prize on twen-ty five killed; J. L. Brewer, Breintnall, H. McMurchy, Smith and F. Kleinitz killed twenty-four each. The ties were not shot off, and the three first prizes were divided by agreement of the winning marksmen, in order to give non-contestants in this contest a chance to arrange a few impromptu sweepstakes, which filled the rest of the day. To-day the tie between G. C. Luther, of Syracuse, A. Baker, of Poultney, N. Y., and A. Spangler, of Syracuse, for the New-York State trophy, will be shot off.

AN ATTACK ON THE CLARK COMPANY. The Democratic County Committee at Newark yes-terlay had distributed circulars violently attacking the Clark Thread Company, which employs about 7,000 hands and has built up a large and presperous portion of Newark and Rearney. The Clarks live in Newark and are Republicans, and mostly all their employes are of the same party. The latter unanimously testify to the kindness and justice of the company's managers, and are zealous in the company's interests. The object of the Democratic attack on the company is to foment ill-feeling in the company's mills, and to make it appear to workingmen generally that the company coerces its employes. Campbell Clark, a representative of the company, said yesterday that he had seen one of the company, said yesterday could not worry the company. The effect, he thought, would be directly contrary to that intended. Every embloye knew the truth, namely, that he was at liberty to think and vote as he pleased, so long as he did his work.

JERSEY CITY. Frederick Rode, the driver of a horse car which John R.

ed a boy named Joseph Grady to death on Monday evening, at York and Green sts., had an examination before Police Justice Stilling yesterday. dore B. Ryerson's testimony showed that the accident | fire was caused by a defective flue. The loss is was due to the carelessness of the driver, and he was committed without ball on a charge of manslaughter to await the action of the Grand Jury.

The announcement made yesterday that the Court of General Sessions was adjourned until November 12 created considerable surprise. The cases of a number of liquor dealers who have been indicted for violating the law are awa ting trial as well as other cases, and it was alleged that the adjournment was ordered so that the liquor cases might not be tried Chief Executive of the State, was indorsed by the Liquor until after election. District-Attorney Winfield de-Dealers' Association, assembled in Buffalo before his nomi- nied yesterday that the liquor cases had anything to do with the adjournment, but practically admitted Winfield has engagements until election day to make speeches at Democratic meetings in the lower part of the State, and he could not keep the engagements and attend to his official duties at the same He says he is a Democrat and thinks it his duty to help his party to the extent of his ability.

Charles Brown, a German sallor on board the schooner Henry P. Haven, which was lying at a with the saloon, which is in direct opposition to the work | Jersey City dock lately, was before Judge Stilsing yesterday, charged with a murderous assault on Thomas Finneren. Brown admitted drawing a knife on Finneren, but says that the latter and his friends began the fight and he only acted in self-defence.

John Bergen, a laborer, was before Justice Stillsing in the First District Police Court yesterday, charged are sufficient guarantee of good faith.

With disorderly conduct on the night before. It appears that during the passing of the hig Republican pears that during the passing of the high lead and other. society, and, as we have every reason to believe, an im-mense corruption fund raised from the liquor traffic, are wise expressed his disapprobation, and finally, as a wise expressed his disapproximens description fund raised from the liquor trame, are wise expressed his disapproximens agreed in front of colored organization was passing, stepped in front of Sixth-Therefore we, the undersigned, appeal to all a torch-bearer and deliberately spat in the black man's general parade of the campaign on Wednesday night from the liquor trame, are wise expressed his disapproximate the had built fifty-six steamers, with an average colored organization was passing, stepped in front of general parade of the campaign on Wednesday night from the liquor trame, are colored organization was passing, stepped in front of general parade of the campaign on Wednesday night from the black man's general parade of the campaign on Wednesday night from the black man's general parade of the campaign on Wednesday night from the black man's general parade of the campaign on Wednesday night from the black man's general parade of the campaign on wednesday night from the black man's general parade of the campaign of the campaign of the domestic china trade were built, members of one paricular political party who were are accused of. I will postpone a hearing on your out of town. After the long march the visitors were case and have witnesses of both parties here to say entertained with free rum and beer by the scores of what they think of your act."

Some unknown thief attempted to steal several valuable dogs owned by W. E. Willis, of No. 249 Danforth-ave., on Wednesday night. Mr. Willis heard him, and seeing by the bright moonlight the figure of a man climbing the fence between his property and Lindenave., discharged a double-barrelled gun loaded with buckshot at the escaping thief, who dropped on the other side of the fence and escaped. Blood marks on this fall. the fence showed next morning that he did not escape

MANY REPUBLICANS REGISTERED. The completed registration in Newark for the November election is about 8,000 in excess of the registry for the charter election and indicates a heavy vote. The increase was greatest in the Republican wards, the Eighth Ward alone having nearly 600 increase over last month. The registry closed at 10 o clock jast night and the complete figures were not obtainable from the sixty-one registration districts. The result grafifes kepublicans, who predicate not less than 2,000 major-ity of the figures of increase.

FOR PUTTING POISON IN COFFEE.

The trial of Valentine Deveroux and Lizzie Langan for administering a poisonous drug was concluded ye terday in the Court of Sessions at White Plains. I everoux was convicted and the girl acquitted. Both prison ers were employed on the country place of William H. Webb, the retired ship builder, at Tarrytown, Deveroux as coachman and the girl as waltress. Marie Conrad was the maid of Mrs. Webb, and had general supervision of the servants. In that capacity she had occasion to rebuke Lizzie Langan for breaking

had occasion to rebulke Lizzle Langan for breaking a rule of the house.

Marie threatened that she would report Lizzle to Mrs. Webb and Lizzle told Deveroux. On the morning of July 31 Marie, on coming down to her breakfast in the servant's dining room, found her coffee already poured out. It tasted strangely, and she remarked it, but Lizzle said: "Oh, it's all right; drink it; mine tasted the same way," and she did so, in an hour or so Marie was taken violently sick and continued sick for several days. In the meantime beveroux boasted that he had fixed Marie. Lizzle also told of Marie's having been dosed, and in a day or two both were arrested.

REPUBLICAN LIFE IN PORTCHESTER. The town of Portchester never witnessed a grander demonstration than that of Wednesday night. If there were any Democrats in the town they must have nied away to some secluded corner where they could be neither seen nor heard. The entire town seemed ablaze with the torches of the Republican paraders.

the fireworks and the illuminated buildings. It was a reception to Colonel S. V. R. Cruger, the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor. Republicans were to be seen on every hand, and those who did not join in

seen on every hand, and those who did not join in the parade, including their wives, daughters, sisters, cousins and acuts, crowded the house-fronts and the streets, and cheered and waved greetings to the grand Republican phalanx as it passed along.

There were 967 torch-bearers in uniform and 400 in citizens' clothes. Mount Vernon had 18st torches among its three Republican clubs, under command of captain Kelly. New-Rochelle had 150 torches in line: Westehester had 75, under command of Captain Henry Hendelson; Mamaroneck had 75, and Rye 150. The visiting clubs were exceed by the Citizens' Republican Corps. The parade was reviewed from the grand-stand in the square, by Colonel S. V. R. Cruger, Assemblyman Bradforf Rhodes, E. F. Asidey, of "The Westehester County Record"; J. M. Ives, of Rye, and others.

DYING AT HIS WIFE'S GRAVE.

Frederick W. Pachtmann, age seventy-five, a widower living at No. 447 Greene-ave., Brooklyn, committee suicide over his wife's grave, at Moravian Cemetery, New-Dorp, S. I., yesterday, by shooting himself through the head with a Smith & Wesson thirty-two-calibre Mrs. Pachtmann died on October 25, 1882. and since her death her husband, on each anniversary of the day, visited the grave of his wife. Yesterday he reached the cemetery at 3 o'clock, and after placing a wreath on the headstone of the grave, knelt in prayer. He then seated himself on a settee beside the grave. and taking the revolver from his hip pocket, fired a shot through his head. The report of the pistol at-

tracted the attention of Mrs. Mersereau, of Port Richmond, who, with two friends, was on a plot near by. The frightened ladies ran screaming through the cemetery and informed two grave-diggers that a man had shot himself. The men at once ran to the scene and discovered that the suicide was still breathing. A physician was summoned, but before his arrival the unfortunate old man had died. Coroner Martin Hughes, of Clifton, after empanelling a jury, had the body tomporarily placed in a receiving vanit. The coroner last evening telegraphed the news of the suicide to Mr. Prederick Mollick, a jeweller at No. 63 Canaj-st., New-York, the brother-in-law of Mr. Pachtmann.

A GREAT PARADE IN JERSEY CITY. The Republican parade in Jersey City on day night was the political event of the campaign No such demonstration has ever before been seen The size of it and the enthusiasm manifested were an astonishing revelation to the Democrats who have been maintaining that the free trade and protection issue would not make any material reduction in the usual Democratic majo There were 5,000 men in line and about two-thirds of the houses along the extended line of march were decorated with American flags and illuminated. 'The clubs, with the exception of two, belonged in Jersey City. A number of clubs from other places had promised to participate in the demonstration, but falled to do so, and Jersey City was left to her own resources to demonstrate her Republican strength. The result was a surprise to the Republicans themselves, and struck terror to the hearts of the Demi The main body of the paraders formed in the Lafayette section and, as the line moved along, it was swelled by the clubs which had formed on the side swelled by the clubs which had formed on the side streets. When the signal to start was given the line moved in the following order: L. H. Marinus, Grand Marshal; H. Schermerhorn, jr., Chief of blant: E. F. Barsotti, First Orderly; Alds of the Grand Marshal; First Dvision: John Sullivan, Marshal, followed by five clubs and two bands. Second Division: Kdward C. Coover, Marshal; five clubs and two bands. Third Division: Captain W. B. Mason, Marshal; nine clubs and two bands. Fourth Division: Thomas D. Mills, Marshal; twelve clubs and two bands. Fifth Division: Rudolph Frech, Marshal; two clubs and band. Sixth Div sion: Captain E. J. Jordan, Marshal; six clubs and band.

The paraders were greeted with enthusiastic cheers all along the line, and they were kept busy acknowledging the greetings of the occupants of the houses which were illuminated. The demonstration was the talk of the city yesterday.

was the talk of the city yesterday. NEWARK.

The Union Jockey Club, of Elizabeth, has concluded negotiations with the trustees of the State Agricult Society and will open Waverly Park as a gare track on Tuesday next. The club is to pay to the Waverly Society a rental of \$1,800 per month. The club proposes to have racing every other day if the weather

VARIOUS NEW-JERSEY TOWNS. The remaining day of registration in Hoboken and Rayonne is November 1.

HOBOKEN.-The Republicans and protectionists will have a grand rally on Friday evening, November 2, at Hexamer's new riding academy. Walter Phelps will speak, and also ex-Mayor Gilbert of Jersey City; Michael S. Newbould, and General J. Harry Wilson, who captured Jeff. Davis. ohn R. Wiggins will preside. SOUTH ORANGE.—The house of Mrs. G. B. Wescott,

at Prospect and Fourth sts., was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night with most of its contents \$5,000, partially insured.

PLAINFIELD.-Ezra D. and Daniel Hetfield, both alleging that they are helrs at law of Frazee Lee, the hermit, who died recently leaving to the Scotch Plains Baptist Church the bulk of a \$500,000 es ate on October 19 began an ejectment suit against John H. Jackson, Sarah House, William Herfield and Monroe Long, the executors and the president, trustees and congregation of the church, for possession of the old Lee homestead. The object of the suit, which s brought in the District Court, is to try the validity of the will, in advance of a decision on the same will in the Prerogative Court, at Trenton.

RINGWOOD.-The funeral of Philip R. George, general agent of the firm of Cooper & Hewitt, who had charge of all their mining and other business in upper New-Jersey, took place yesterday at his aptitud nome and was largely attended. Mayor Hewitt was attenti present with his family. The Episcopal Church services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Peters, of New-York. A special train conveyed the body to Delegations of Joppa and Benevolent Lodges, of Paterson, attended, and friends from that city acted as bearers.

PATERSON.

The Phelps Guards and two other Republican clubs went to Boonton, Morris County, on Wednesday night A number of Democrats on horseback with disorderly conduct on the night before. It ap- tried to ride down the Guards, but were driven off after a sharp skirmish. The assailants then followed

capable of meanness enough to do such things as you week had 2,800, but only about 3 0 of these were from barrels, contributed by local brewers and liquor deal ers, and the result was that Paterson was treated in the early morning hours to disgraceful scenes of

Staten Leand Republicans are laying all their plans in swell the registration lists next Friday, the last opportunity | St. John, the Dean Richmond, and the Drew. Other

HUGUENOT.-Miss Jane Journeay, age seven, a few months ago deeded all of her real es tate to her niece, Miss Cummings, with whom she lived, but maintained a life interest in the property herself. On Sunday, Miss Journeay died. Miss Cumherself. On Sunday, Miss Journeay died. Miss claim mings was much surprised on Wednesday when she learned that Mrs. Birch, from White Plains, had infermed Coroner Hervey that she had reason to believe that her aunt, Miss Journeay, had been poissened and that the crime had been committed by Miss Cummings. She demanded an inquest. Coroner Hervey and Dr. Lyons held an autopay and found that the death of Miss Journeay resulted from dropsy.

BRIDGEPORT.-The Grand Division Sons of Temperance held their annual method for the dection and installation of officers at seaside Institute yesterday.

David M. Read, president of the Board of Trade, has been nominated by the Democrats for State Senator from the XIVth District.

SOUTH NORWALK.—Ex.Mayor Nelson Taylor, as declined the Democratic nomination for 8 nator from the XIIIth District. GREENFIELD HILL.—John White and Simon Brad-ley have gone to Thomasville, North Carolina, for the purpose of breaking sporting dogs for the annual Eastorn Field trials on December 1.

Eastern Frein trials on December 1.

NAUGATUCK.—J. W. Whittemore yesterday delivered a deed of trust by which he gives to the Congregational Church a library of 1,000 volumes, and 240 shares of Danbury and Norfolk Railroad stock, worth in the market \$43,500. The gift is made as a memorial of Mr. Whittemore's son.

LONG ISLAND.

FLUSHING.—Much excitement was caused during the procession on Wednesday night. A wagon loaded with a supply of powder was prematurely lighted by a spark from a Roman candle, and several explosions followed. A negro boy who was driving was blown over the horse's head. James Connelly was harded from the rear of the wagon to the pavement. Several persons were slightly burned. A stack of hay containing fitty tons was totally destroyed by fire on Wednesday night, on the property of James Mosett. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. incendiary

incendiary:

LONG ISLAND CITY.—The Cleveland. Thurman and Hill Campulgn Club of the First Ward will have a parade to morrow night. Mayor Gleason volunteered to ride at the head of the fine providing that no banners except for the National and State tickets be carried in the parade. The proposition of the Mayor was brough before a meeting of the club and met with an unfavorable reception.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

WHITE PLAINS—During the October term of court, which adjourned yesterday, more than 100 men received their naturalization papers. Over fifty were issued yesterday.

TARRYTOWN.—The Republican convention of the Ist Assembly District of Westchester County yesterday renominated J. Irving Buros. It was the largest convention ever held in the district. Senator Robertson, General Husted, and many other prominent Republicans were present.

publicans were present.

NEW-ROCHELLE. John Siephenson, the well-known railway car builder, after attending church on sunday morning was stricken down with an attack of pneumonia at his home, and doubts are entertained of his recovery, he being over eighty years old.

YONKERS.—While Mrs. Franz C. Hamburg was sitting by a table at her home, having on her lap a two-year-old child, the latter caught hold of the table cover, upset a lamp and set fire to her dress. Mrs. Hamburg, in her endeavor to extinguish the flames, was severely burned, and was sent to the hospital for treatment. The child escaped with slight injury.

DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES CONTRACTS.

The Department of Charities and Correction yester-day awarded the contract for removing the dynamos and engine of the Ward's Island Asylum to Joseph Moore, at \$3,500; iron work on Believue, to Thoma Dwyer, \$2,125; fire escapes on Blackwell's Island Lunatic Asylum, to Thomas Lyons, \$5,200; minibing at Central Islip, George Coder, \$6,200; s.eam-heatine, Central Islip, Rutzer & Blake, \$4,858. READY TO-DAY.

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All Stories and Pictures New.



The authorized reprint from duplicates of the criginal English plates, containing a large amount American matter, which cannot be reprinted by any

original stories, sketches and poems for the young, and every flustration which appears in it is expressly designed for this work by the most eminent English artists. It is the Largest, Brightest, Shest Illustrated, and Cheapest Annual published. Over 200 full-page original flustra-

tions. 1 vol., illuminated, board covers, \$1.25. For sale by all booksellers, or sent post-paid by ESTES & LAURIAT, Boston, Mass.

ODD PIECES.

OUR CUSTOMERS WHO ARE IN NEED OF SOME THING PRETTY IN THE WAY OF AN ARMCHAIR, DIVAN, OR ANY OTHER SMALL PIECE, WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO THEIR ADVANTAGE TO VISIT OUR WAREROOMS. THESE ARTICLES, LEFT OVER FROM SPRING, ARE OF EXCLUSIVE DESIGNAND EXQUISITE WORKMANSHIP, AT PRICES BELOW



OBITUARY.

JOHN ENGLIS.

With the death in Brooklyn yesterday of John Englis, there passed away the most prominent, and, probably, the oldest American ship and boat builder. whose efforts is largely due the attainment of the excellence and standing of American steamboats. death was unexpected, as he was ill only a few days. He had registered at the polling place two weeks ago. and looked forward to casting a ballot for Harrison and Morton. He died at the home of his son and partner. John Englis, jr., No. 196 Clinton-ave., where he was paying a visit. The funeral will take place from there on Monday at 2 p. m. He was a widower, and lived at No. 108 Kent-st., Greenpoint. Born in this city on November

1508, he was soon bound out to Smith. & Dimon, shipwrights. His ingenuity, mechanical aptitude and strict application to business attracted attention, and at the end of his apprenticeship he was offered the position of foreman in the yard of Elshop & Simonson. In this capacity he distinguished himself by faithfulness and by some new devices Boonton, where the burial took place with Masonic | which were original with him, and facilitated the business of his employers. In 1837 he went to the shores of Lake Erie and built his first steamboats, the Milwaukee and Red Jacket, boats that were con siduct marvels in point of build and speed. Returning to New-York, he established a shipbuilding business at the foot of Tenth-st., on the Plast Liver. This business prospered, and soon a yard with an area of 140,000 square feet was required. He em ployed an average of 250 men. He made a specialty of steamboat building, and was always devising methods of improvement. Besides the American and for eign vessels repaired at his yard, there were at all The Democratic clubs of Paterson had their second times new boats upon the ways, and up to 1860 the domestic China trade were built, for speed and general excellence Samo Nada, one of these, steamed from Hong Kong to Shanghal, a distance of 1,000 miles, in fifty-six hours. For this evidence of his skill he was highly compli-mented by the Chinese Government. In 1861 the Unadilla, the first gun-hoat built for the United States, was constructed in his yard in forty-eight days, and in spite of the haste, was highly successful. Englis was not hampered with instructions when he built boats for the People's Line to Albany, and the result of his efforts was the "floating palaces," the steamers built by him were the Newport and Old Colony, for the Fall River Line; the C. H. Northam, Saratoga, City of Troy, and Tremont, for the Sound and river purposes; the excursion steamers Grand Republic and Columbia, the C-ty of Atlanea and City of Columbia, for the Charleston Steamship Company; five steamships for the Alexandre Line and a number of ferryboats. The Columbia was put in commission

of ferryboats. The Columbia was put in commission nery days after her keel was laid. In 1808 Mr. Enast foods hir only son into partnership with him, and the business was removed to its present site, at the foot of Greenpoint-ave., Greenpoint-ave are the grandsons, William F. and Charles M. Englis, were taken into the firm. Mr. Englis was engaced in numerous business enterprises, ite was for twenty years president of the Eleventh ward Eank, and was a director at the time of his death. He was vice-president of the People's Line of steamboats, and a director of the following companies: The NewYork Petry Company, the Mexicologian Ferry Company, the Portland Steam Packet Company, the Manifesturers and Taders Insurance Company, and the Peter Cooper Insurance Company. He was also an effect in other steamoost companies.

HENRY W. OLIVER, SR.

Pittsburg, Get. 23 (Special).—Henry W. Oliver, sr.,
the father of Dayld, James, George T. and Henry W.
Oliver, Jr., the well-known from and steel manufacturers,
died this morning of pneumonia contracted on Sunday
last. He was once a prominent Liberal of Ireland. He
was born in County Tyrone eighty-one years ago on a
farm granted to his ancestors by the British Government
on the first English settlement of Ulster. He became an
influential citizen of Dungannon, and during the Parlismentary election of 1840 warmly espoused the Liberal
cause. The defeat of his party and a boycott instituted
by the Tories induced him to emigrate in 1842. HENRY W. OLIVER, SR.

by the Tories induced him to emigrate in 1842. The Liberals of Dungamon presented him with a gold snut-box and a silver service suitably inseribed. He was engaged in the saddlery business in this city for twenty-three years. Besides his widow and four sons, two married daughters survive him.

THE REV. DR. C. P. SHELDON. Trey, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The Rev. Dr. C. P. Sheldon died here to-day, age seventy-five. He was paster of the Fifth Street Baptist Church in this city from 1856 to 1876. For thriteen years Dr. Sheldon was District Secre-tary of the American Raptist Home Mission Society,

known throughout the State. ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

which office he recently resigned. Dr. Shelden was well

Washington, Oct. 25.-Major Charles J. Dickey, 8th and has been ordered home to await retirement. Military Academy, has been accepted by the Secretary of War, to take effect on October 31. Captain Paul R. Brown, assistant surgron, has been releved from duty at Fort Skiney, Neb., and ordered to duty at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, relieving Major William D. Wolverion, surgeon, who is ordered to duty at

D. Wolverion, surgeon, who is ordered to duty at Fort Douglass, Utah.

The Secretary of War issued an order to-day appointing Major-General John M. Schoffeld, Colonel Henry L. Abbott, Corps of Engineers; Colonel Henry W. Closson, 4th Artillery, and Lieutenant-Colonel Affred Moruccal, Ordinance Department, members of the Roard of Ordinance and Fortifications, provided for by the act of tongress, approved september 22 last. Captain Charles C. Morrison, Ordinance Department, is designated Recorder of the Board.

A BEOOKLYN PASTOR INSTALLED.

The Rev. Robert J. Kent was installed as paster of he Lewis Avenue Congregational Church, in Brooklyn, ast evening. Dr. Edward P. Ingersoil presided over the council which examined Mr. Kent. The Rev. Albert J. Lyman preached the sermon, and the Rev. Drs. Meredith and ingersoli and the Rev. S. S. Hughson took part in the services, which were attended by an audience filling the